

Hubungan Dukungan Sosial dengan Koping dan Resiliensi serta Faktor yang Memengaruhi pada Pasien Kanker Serviks = The Relationship between Social Support, Coping, and Resilience, and the Factors Influencing them in Cervical Cancer Patientss

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Abstrak

Kanker serviks merupakan salah satu jenis kanker dengan kejadian tertinggi pada perempuan di Indonesia. Tesis ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji hubungan antara dukungan sosial dengan coping dan resiliensi serta faktor demografi yang memengaruhi pada pasien kanker serviks. Penelitian ini menggunakan desain cross-sectional dengan 213 responden dari RSK Dharmais. Instrumen yang digunakan meliputi Edmonton Symptom Assessment System, Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social Support, Cancer Coping Questionnaire, dan Connor-Davidson Resilience Scale. Analisis data dilakukan secara univariat dan bivariat menggunakan chi-square, dan uji multivariat dilakukan untuk melihat faktor yang paling memengaruhi hubungan coping dan resiliensi. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa dukungan sosial berpengaruh positif terhadap coping dan resiliensi pasien kanker serviks, dengan faktor seperti status perkawinan dan dukungan sosial yang berkontribusi dalam hubungan ini.

.....Cervical cancer is one of the most common types of cancer among women in Indonesia. This thesis aims to examine the relationship between social support, coping, and resilience, as well as the demographic factors influencing cervical cancer patients. The research employs a cross-sectional design with 213 respondents from Dharmais Hospital. The instruments utilized include the Edmonton Symptom Assessment System, the Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social Support, the Cancer Coping Questionnaire, and the Connor-Davidson Resilience Scale. Data analysis is conducted using univariate and bivariate methods with chi-square tests, while multivariate analysis is performed to identify the most influential factors in the relationship between coping and resilience. The findings indicate that social support positively impacts coping and resilience among cervical cancer patients, with factors such as marital status and social support was contributing to this relationship.