

Penerimaan Warga DKI Jakarta Terhadap Program Vaksinasi COVID-19 Ditinjau Dari Health Belief Model = The Acceptance of DKI Jakarta residents to the COVID-19 Vaccination Program Using Health Belief Model

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Abstrak

Kasus COVID-19 menunjukkan tren yang meningkat dimana DKI Jakarta merupakan Provinsi dengan kasus COVID-19 tertinggi di Indonesia. Pada Juni 2021, DKI Jakarta telah dapat melakukan program Vaksinasi COVID-19 untuk tahap 3 dan anak dibawah usia 18 tahun, karenanya penting untuk mengetahui penerimaan warga DKI Jakarta terhadap program Vaksinasi COVID-19 tersebut sebagai langkah pengendalian penyakit. Tujuan Penelitian adalah untuk mengetahui penerimaan warga DKI Jakarta terhadap program Vaksinasi COVID-19 ditinjau dari Health Belief Model. Penelitian ini menggunakan desain studi potong lintang, dilakukan pada Mei hingga Juni 2021 dengan melibatkan sampel penelitian sebesar 266 responden dengan kriteria inklusi berusia 12 tahun, berdomisili di wilayah DKI Jakarta, termasuk kategori penerima vaksinasi tahap 3, responden sudah maupun belum melakukan Vaksinasi COVID-19. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan lebih dari separuh responden sudah memiliki pengetahuan yang baik mengenai Vaksin COVID-19 (63,2%) dan COVID-19 (67,3%), serta didapati sebesar 79,7% responden menunjukkan penerimaan terhadap program Vaksinasi COVID-19. Responden diketahui memiliki persepsi kerentanan rendah daripada persepsi keparahan, lebih dari separuh responden penelitian (59,8%) memiliki persepsi manfaat yang baik, namun 50% responden diketahui masih memiliki hambatan terkait penerimaan terhadap program vaksinasi COVID-19.

.....COVID-19 cases shows an increasing trend, whereas DKI Jakarta is the province with the highest cases in Indonesia. In June 2021, DKI Jakarta has been able to carry out the COVID-19 Vaccination program for stage 3 and children under the age of 18. Therefore, it is important to know the reception of DKI Jakarta residents to the COVID-19 Vaccination program as a disease control measure. The purpose of the study is to determine the acceptance of DKI Jakarta residents to the COVID-19 Vaccination program using the Health Belief Model. This study uses a cross-sectional study design, which was conducted from Mei to June 2021 with research sample of 266 respondents with inclusion criteria aged 12 years, domiciled in the DKI Jakarta area, which includes the category of recipients of stage 3 vaccination, and people who have or have not received COVID-19 vaccination. The results shows more than half of the respondents already had good knowledge of the COVID-19 Vaccine (63.2%) and COVID-19 (67.3%), and it was found that 79.7% of respondents have positive acceptance of the COVID-19 Vaccination program. Respondents are known to have a lower perception of susceptibility than perception of severity, with more than half of the study respondents (59.8%) have a good perception of benefits, but 50% of respondents are known to still have barriers related to acceptance of the COVID-19 vaccination program.