

Pola Spasial Distribusi Karakteristik Orang Tua Murid Sekolah Menengah Pertama (Studi Kasus Kecamatan Cipayung, Depok) = Spatial Distribution Pattern of Junior High School Student's Parent Characteristics (Case Study of Cipayung Sub-district, Depok)

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Abstrak

Keputusan pemilihan Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) oleh orangtua adalah aspek penting dalam membentuk pendidikan anak-anak mereka, yang berpotensi memengaruhi perkembangan dan prospek akademik anak-anak tersebut. Proses ini seringkali terpengaruh oleh beragam faktor, termasuk karakteristik orangtua dan variabel geografis. Oleh karena itu, penelitian ini bertujuan untuk merinci lebih lanjut bagaimana karakteristik orangtua murid sekolah menengah pertama. Penelitian ini menginvestigasi pola spasial distribusi karakteristik orangtua murid di Kecamatan Cipayung. Fokusnya adalah karakteristik orangtua murid, dengan tujuan mengidentifikasi karakteristik orangtua murid SMP di Kecamatan Cipayung, serta mengevaluasi dampak daya layan terhadap pemilihan sekolah. Metode penelitian mencakup survei kepada orangtua murid dan analisa data sekunder. Data karakteristik orangtua, berupa tingkat pendidikan, jenis permukiman, dan penghasilan, dikumpulkan bersama dengan data sekolah menengah pertama tempat anak mereka bersekolah. Selain itu, dilakukan analisa serta evaluasi daya layan SMP dalam hubungannya dengan pola spasial distribusi karakteristik orangtua murid SMP. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan adanya pola spasial yang terbentuk antara karakteristik orangtua murid dengan karakteristik sekolah. Temuan ini diharapkan dapat membantu merumuskan rekomendasi kebijakan yang mendorong pemahaman yang lebih baik tentang pola pemilihan sekolah serta potensi perbaikan dalam penyediaan pendidikan di Kecamatan Cipayung.

.....The decision-making process of selecting a Junior High School (SMP) by parents is a crucial aspect in shaping the education of their children, potentially influencing the development and academic prospects of the students. This process is often influenced by various factors, including parental characteristics and geographic variables. Therefore, this research aims to provide a detailed insight into the characteristics of parents of junior high school students. The study investigates the spatial distribution patterns of parental characteristics in Cipayung District, focusing on identifying the characteristics of parents of SMP students in the area and evaluating the impact of services on school selection. The research methodology involves surveys of parents of junior high school students and the analysis of secondary data. Data on parental characteristics, such as educational level, settlement type, and income, are collected along with information about the junior high schools where their children attend. Additionally, an analysis and evaluation of the services provided by junior high schools are conducted in relation to the spatial distribution patterns of parental characteristics. The research findings reveal the presence of spatial patterns formed between parental characteristics and school characteristics. These findings are expected to contribute to formulating policy recommendations that encourage a better understanding of school selection patterns and potential improvements in education provision in Cipayung District.