

Prediksi frekuensi diare pada anak balita melalui kepadatan hunian rumah tangga di Indonesia : analisis data SDKI 1997

Joko Irianto, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=92565&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

According to some researches and reports, diarrhea is included in the big ten diseases reported in Indonesia population. One consideration that a disease is included in the big ten diseases is that disease constantly happened in the population at nearly the same ratio each year. An indication that a child is suffered from diarrhea is losing his body liquid and electrolyte continuously, if this is not handled and cured properly, he will come to a stadium called dehydration. The degree of body liquid comes out of from a child in a day will show how serious he is infected by diarrhea. In order to decide what kind of action necessary to help a child who is suffered from diarrhea, his level of dehydration must be known first. To get information on how to detect frequency of diarrhea on children between 12 - 59 months by using mathematical model, which is liable methodologically, in my research, I collect and analyze data of household density, children age in months, body condition, money a family earn in a month, level of mother education, type of source drinking water, and type of latrine used by a family. From analysis result, range of diarrhea frequency is 3 to 8 times and 4.33 times on average during a day. Using bivariate test, all variables tested statistically on $p \leq 0.05$ have correlation with diarrhea frequency. However, only household density, body condition, level of mother education, and type of latrine used by a family can be applied in the model. Model resulted from this analysis has $R^2 = 0.1068$, it means that the model can only explain 10.68% causes of diarrhea frequency on children between 12 - 59 months. Magnitude of assumption on average number has a small range, however the assumption is wide on individual. Consequently, the model has more precision if it is applied on average number. Formula resulted from the model can be used to get diarrhea frequency. Furthermore different situations may give different results. Also the formula is not good enough to define diarrhea frequency on individual.