

Sikap Bahasa Santri: Kajian Sociolinguistik di Pondok Pesantren Al-Ihsan, Beji, Banyumas = Santries language attitudes: Sociolinguistic study in Al-Ihsan Pondok Pesantren Beji Banyumas

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Abstrak

This sociolinguistic study focuses on language attitudes among santries. This research aims to describe language attitudes among santries in Al-Ihsan Pondok Pesantren, Beji, Banyumas on the languages they are able to speak, such as: Indonesian, vernacular languages, Arabic language, and English.

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There are three approaches used in this research: sociological approach, psychological approach, and anthropological approach, as ordinarily used in sociolinguistic researches. Data are collected through distributing questionnaires, matched-guise, interviews, and participatory observations. The main data obtained are respondents' self-report about their language attitudes. The data obtained through questionnaires and matched-guise are analyzed quantitatively using one-way analysis of variance (Anova) in order to get the santries' language attitudes based on social variables, such as: gender, age, education, and mother tongue. The data obtained through interviews and observations are analyzed qualitatively using categorical analysis. *

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This research finds out three basic attitudinal aspects of santries' language attitudes, those are: cognitive, affective, and conative. Santries language attitudes, in this case, are categorized into four groups: santries' language attitudes on Indonesian, santries' language attitudes on vernacular languages, santries' language attitudes on Arabic language, and santries' language attitudes on English. Beside those things, this research also finds out that language attitudes are related to social factors to analyze which cover gender, age, education, and mother tongue.