

Penggolongan bahasa-bahasa nusantara di Propinsi Nusa Tenggara Timur: Kajian tipologi morfologis kuantitatif

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Abstrak

The comparative linguistic is not only dialectal linguistic and historical linguistic, but also the typology of linguistic. This thesis speaks about typology of linguistic. There are fifteen native languages in Nusa Tenggara Timur (NTT) Province used as sample in this study. By using Greenberg's method - Quantitative Method, the writer classifies the fifteen languages into (1) isolated language and (2) agglutinative language. The first group is Ende-Lio language and the second consists of other fourteen languages.

Besides the Quantitative Method, the writer also uses the Qualitative Method. This Method is used to classify those languages according to their similarity in structures. The analysis concludes that those languages are classified into (1) structured language: verb + person, integrated or not; (2) noun + personal possessive, integrated or not; (3) person + possessive, and (4) those languages whose structures are classified into neither (1), (2), nor (3). While the other languages are classified into the first, second, and third group. Structured-integrated language consists of Ambon-Timor and Papua language groups, while Sumba-Bima is not identified as the group of this type.