

Profil Kunjungan Pasien di IGD RS Universitas Indonesia Depok pada Masa Pandemi COVID-19 = Patients Visit Profile at the Emergency Department of Universitas Indonesia Hospital Depok during the COVID-19 Pandemic

Irene Kenichi Johan, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20525306&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

Latar belakang: Pandemi COVID-19 di Indonesia dilaporkan dengan penambahan kasus yang semakin meningkat. Karena hal tersebut, beberapa rumah sakit di Indonesia dijadikan sebagai rumah sakit rujukan COVID- 19, salah satunya RSUI Depok. Dengan demikian, penelitian ini bertujuan untuk meneliti profil kunjungan iGD RSUI yang ditinjau dari aspek demografi, triase, dan diagnosis pasien

Metode: Penelitian ini potong lintang ini mengambil sampel berupa data sekunder, yaitu data riwayat pasien yang tercatat dalam rekam medis IGD RSUI untuk periode 2020 (1 Januari 2020 – 31 Desember 2020). Data yang diperoleh akan dianalisis secara deskriptif menggunakan software Microsoft Excel akan dilanjutkan analisis bivariat dengan teknik analisis chi-square menggunakan software SPSS versi 20.

Hasil: Pasien dalam rekam medis berjumlah 2.735 orang. Pola kunjungan umum dan pasien COVID-19 IGD RSUI mengalami peningkatan selama masa pandemi COVID-19. Terjadi peningkatan pada bulan Maret, menurun hingga bulan Mei, dan meningkat kembali secara bertahap hingga bulan Desember untuk kedua pola kunjungan. Setiap kunjungan memiliki karakteristik yang ditandai oleh aspek demografi (jenis kelamin, usia, pendidikan, pekerjaan, wilayah tempat tinggal), triase, dan diagnosis.

Kesimpulan: Masa pandemi COVID-19 telah berperan terhadap banyaknya perubahan yang terjadi dalam profil kunjungan IGD RSUI selama tahun 2020.

..... Background: The COVID-19 pandemic in Indonesia is reported with the addition of increasing cases. Within the condition, several hospitals in Indonesia have been used as COVID-19 referral hospitals, one of which is RSUI Depok. Thus, this study aims to examine the profile of IGD RSUI visits in terms of demographics, triage, and patient diagnosis.

Methods: This cross sectional study took secondary database for the samples, which is IGD RSUI patient medical records for one period in 2020 (January 1st 2020 - December 31th 2020). Data obtained was analyzed descriptively using Microsoft Excel software continued with bivariate analysis with chi-square analysis techniques using SPSS version 20 software.

Results: Patients in the medical record amounted to 2,735 people. The pattern of general visits, as well as patients with COVID-19 visits, has increased during the COVID-19 pandemic. There was increasing number in March, decreasing until May, and gradually increased until December for both visit patterns. Each visit has characteristics that are identified by demographic aspects (gender, age, education, occupation, area of residence), triage, and diagnosis.

Conclusion: The COVID-19 pandemic period has played a role in the many changes that have occurred in the profile of RSUI's Emergency Department (ED) in 2020