

Security assesment terhadap basan dan baran di Rupbasan klas i Jakarta Selatan = Security assessment of Basan and Baran at Rupbasan Class I, South Jakarta

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Abstrak

Penelitian ini membahas tentang security asseement terhadap pengamanan fisik basan dan baran untuk mengurangi kerentanan pencurian. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui sejauh mana penerapan pengamanan fisik yang dilakukan Rupbasan Klas I

Jakarta Selatan. Pendekatan yang digunakan kualitatif dengan teknik wawancara dan observasi di Rupbasan Klas I Jakarta Selatan. Skripsi ini menggunakan pendekatan situational crime prevention dan crime triangle untuk menjelaskan strategi pengamanan yang dilakukan Rupbasan Klas I Jakarta Selatan. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa pengamanan Rupbasan Klas I Jakarta Selatan termasuk pada kategori level minimum (terendah) dilihat dari objek: (1) Pekarangan; (2) Pintu; (3) Pencahayaan; (4) Kantor; (5) Kunci; (6) Pengawal; (7) CCTV. Rupbasan Klas I Jakarta Selatan telah berupaya melakukan proses pengamanan dengan melaksanakan teknik target hardening dan extend guardianship. Pengamanan fisik di Rupbasan Klas I Jakarta Selatan sangat penting dalam menjaga keutuhan basan dan baran dalam proses peradilan. Menjaga keutuhan basan dan baran dapat diperkuat dengan meningkatkan pengamanan fisik dan pengawasan untuk mengurangi kesempatan kejahatan.

.....This study discusses the security assessment of confiscated objects and state bootlegs to reduce the vulnerability of theft. The purpose of this study is to determine to which extent the application of physical security in the Storage for State Confiscated Objects (Rupbasan) Class I, South Jakarta. It applied a qualitative design with interview and observation techniques. This study used a situational crime prevention and crime triangle approaches to explain the security strategies implemented in the storage for state confiscated objects in South Jakarta. The results of this study revealed that the security level of the storage for state confiscated objects in South Jakarta was categorized in minimum level (lowest) based on: (1) Ground; (2) Doors; (3) Lighting; (4) Office; (5) Keys; (6) Guards; and (7) CCTV. This storage for state confiscated objects has applied target hardening and extend guardianship techniques. The physical security in this storage for state confiscated objects is crucial to maintain the confiscated objects and state bootlegs during the judicial process. The security of confiscated objects and state bootlegs can be strengthened by increasing physical security and supervision to reduce the opportunity for crime.