

Karakterisasi sifat ferromagnetik dan ferroelektrik material multilayer BaFe₁₂O₁₉/BaTiO₃ yang disintesa dengan Metode Sol-Gel/Spin Coating = Study on ferromagnetic and ferroelectric properties of BaFe₁₂O₁₉/BaTiO₃ multilayer synthesized by Sol-Gel/Spin Coating Method.

Sri Budiawanti, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20485564&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mensintesa dan mengoptimasi *thick film*

BaFe₁₂O₁₉ fasa tunggal, *thick film* BaTiO₃ fasa tunggal dan material multilayer BaTiO₃/BaFe₁₂O₁₉ dengan metode *Sol-Gel/Spin Coating*. Karakterisasi dilakukan untuk mengetahui sifat ferromagnetik dan ferroelektrik. Deposisi material multilayer dilakukan pada substrat *single crystal* Si (100) menggunakan *spin coater*. *Thick film* BaFe₁₂O₁₉ fasa tunggal berhasil disintesa dengan parameter optimum jumlah lapisan 9 lapis, kecepatan putaran 3000 rpm, temperature *annealing* 1000⁰C selama 3 jam, dan rasio molar Ba: Fe = 1 : 8. Hasil karakterisasi SEM menunjukkan bahwa material multilayer BaFe₁₂O₁₉ memiliki distribusi ukuran dan bentuk partikel yang homogen, dengan ukuran partikel berkisar antara 100-150 nm dan tebal sekitar 2,9 µm. Hasil uji VSM pada material multilayer BaFe₁₂O₁₉ menunjukkan nilai koersivitas pada arah *parallel* dan *perpendicular* yang hampir sama yaitu 2,5 kOe. *Thick film* BaTiO₃ fasa tunggal berhasil dideposisikan dengan kondisi proses optimum yaitu, temperatur *annealing* 800⁰C selama 4 jam dan kecepatan putaran 4000 rpm. *Film* BaTiO₃ dengan jumlah lapisan 5 lapis mempunyai ketebalan 2,6-3,2 µm. Material multilayer BaTiO₃/BaFe₁₂O₁₉ berhasil dideposisikan pada substrat Si dengan metode *sol-gel/spin coating* serta menunjukkan sifat ferromagnetik dan ferroelektrik. Nilai magnetik Saturasi, Remanen, dan medan koersif pada material multilayer BaTiO₃/BaFe₁₂O₁₉ yaitu 2,7 memu, 1,3 memu dan 1,7 kOe. Sedangkan kurva histerisis elektrik menunjukkan nilai polarisasi spontan (P_s), polarisasi remanen (P_r) dan medan Coersive (E_c) berturut-turut 5,4 mC/cm², 6,2 mC/cm² dan 1 kV/cm.

In this research, single phase *thick film* BaFe₁₂O₁₉, BaTiO₃ and BaTiO₃/BaFe₁₂O₁₉ multilayer had been synthesized by sol gel/spin coating method. Ferroelectric and ferromagnetic properties were observed. Multilayer materials was deposited on single crystal substrate Si (100) using a spin coater. Single phase *thick film* BaFe₁₂O₁₉ was synthesized with optimum parameters of 9 layers, 3000 rpm rotation speed, 1000⁰C annealing temperature for 3 hours, and molar ratio Ba:Fe = 1: 8. The characteristic SEM images indicate that the multilayer BaFe₁₂O₁₉ material has a homogeneous size and shape distribution of particles, with crystallite size 100-150 nm. The magnetic

hysteresis loops for single phase thick film $\text{BaFe}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$ showed that perpendicular and in-plane coercivity had the same value of 2,5 kOe. Single phase thick film BaTiO_3 was successfully deposited with optimum process conditions which were annealing temperature at 800°C for 4 hours and rotation speed 4000 rpm. The BaTiO_3 film with 5 layers has a thickness of 2.6-3.2 μm . $\text{BaTiO}_3/\text{BaFe}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$ multilayer material was successfully deposited on the Si substrate with the sol-gel/spin coating method and showed ferromagnetic and ferroelectric properties. The saturation magnetization (M_s), remanent magnetization (M_r), and coercivity of $\text{BaTiO}_3/\text{BaFe}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$ multilayer material are 2.7 memu, 1.3 memu and 1.7 kOe. From ferroelectric hysteresis loop it can be inferred that the values of remanent polarization (P_r), spontaneous polarization (P_s) and coercive field (E_c) are 4 mC/cm^2 , 6.2 mC/cm^2 and 1 kV/cm , respectively.