

Hubungan dukungan keluarga dengan kualitas hidup pasien stemi pasca primary pci di Rumah Sakit Jantung dan Pembuluh Darah Harapan Kita Jakarta = Correlation between family support and quality of life in stemi patients after primary pci at Harapan Kita Cardiovascular Hospital Jakarta

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Abstrak

ST elevation myocardial infarction STEMI merupakan kasus infark miokardium yang paling banyak ditemukan dengan intervensi utamanya ialah primary percutaneous coronary intervention PPCI. Pasca PPCI, kualitas hidup pasien STEMI ditentukan oleh kemampuannya mengontrol faktor risiko terjadinya infark berulang. Dalam hal ini diperlukan dukungan keluarga. Karena itu peneliti ingin melihat hubungan dukungan keluarga dengan pasien STEMI pasca PPCI. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian korelasi dengan desain cross sectional. 34 responden direkrut dalam penelitian ini.

Hasil menunjukkan nilai mean dukungan keluarga ialah 64,44 dari nilai maksimal 75 dan nilai mean kualitas hidup 68,36 dari nilai maksimal 100. Hasil uji korelasi menunjukkan tidak ada hubungan antara dukungan keluarga dengan kualitas hidup p value = 0,310, Hasil penelitian merekomendasikan perlu dilakukan penelitian serupa dengan menyeragamkan karakteristik responden dan mengontrol faktor perancu.

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ST elevation myocardial infarction is the most common myocardial infarction cases. The main intervention of this case is primary percutaneous coronary intervention PPCI. After PPCI, quality of life in STEMI patient is depend on their ability to control risk factor of reinfarction. In this condition patients need family support. Therefore, the researcher want to know about the correlation between family support and quality of life in patient after PPCI. This research is a correlation research which use cross sectional design. 34 respondents are recruited in this research.

The result shows that the average value of family support is 64.44 from maximum value 75 and the average value of quality of life is 68,36 from maximum value 100. Correlation test result shows that there is no correlation between family support and quality of life p value 0,310. This result recommend that similar research should be done with equal respondents characteristics and controlled confounding factors.