

Faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi kejadian gagal jantung di Indonesia tahun 2013: analisis lanjut hasil Riskesdas 2013 = Factors that influence heart failure in Indonesia in 2013: data analysis of Riskesdas 2013

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Abstrak

Gagal jantung memiliki angka bertahan hidup yang rendah. Sekitar 26 juta orang dewasa hidup dengan gagal jantung di dunia. Berdasarkan Riskesdas 2013, prevalensi gagal jantung berdasarkan wawancara terdiagnosis dokter di Indonesia sebesar 0,13. Penelitian ini menggunakan data Riskesdas tahun 2013 dengan desain studi cross-sectional. Sampel adalah seluruh penduduk yang berada di Indonesia berusia ≥18 tahun. Diagnosis gagal jantung decompensatio cordis berdasarkan diagnosa dokter. Jumlah sampel dalam penelitian ini sebanyak 655.192 orang. Analisis data menunjukkan prevalensi gagal jantung terdiagnosis sebesar 0,1 . Faktor risiko yang paling besar terhadap kejadian gagal jantung di Indonesia adalah penyakit jantung koroner POR=42,578; 95 CI=35,982-50,383;p.

<hr><i>Heart Failure has a low survival rates. Approximately, 26 millions of adults live with heart failure in the world. According to Riskesdas 2013, the prevalence of heart failure based on doctor's diagnose was 0,13 . This research uses Riskesdas 2013 data with cross sectional study design. The sample were the ge 18 years people. Heart failure decompensatio cordis was based on doctor's diagnose. Total samples that were used in this research was 655.192. Data analysis shows the prevalence of heart failure based on doctor's diagnose was 0,1 . Coronary heart disease has the biggest risk of heart failure POR 42,578 95 CI 35,982 50,383.</i>