

## **Analisis Sekuen Gen Tubulin Isotipe 1 Cacing *Haemonchus Contortus* Isolat Resisten terhadap Benzimidazole pada Domba di Indonesia**

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### **Abstrak**

Benzimidazole (BZ) resistance to gastrointestinal nematodes in small ruminants (sheep and goat) has become a significant problem worldwide. Evidences of anthelmintic resistance to albendazole in Indonesia has been reported from some government owned farms in West Java, Central Java, and Yogyakarta. Previous study on the sheep parasite *H. contortus* had shown that the BZ resistance was related to selection for individuals in a population possessing a specific  $\alpha$ -tubulin isotype 1 gene. The study is aimed to determine mutation on coding region of central part of  $\alpha$ -tubulin isotype 1 gene of *H. contortus* resistant strain from Indonesia. Seven *H. contortus* worms were isolated from four BZ resistant sheep from two government farms (SPTD Trijaya, Kuningan, West Java, and UPTD Pelayanan Kesehatan Hewan, Bantul, Yogyakarta), and from a BZ susceptible sheep from Cicurug, Sukabumi, West Java. DNA was extracted individually from female *H. contortus* worms. A fragment of 520 bp  $\alpha$ -tubulin isotype 1 gene exon 3, 4, 5 was amplified using the PCR technique and then sequenced. The results showed that a single mutation occurred in codon 200 (from phenylalanine to tyrosine) had caused benzimidazole resistance in *H. contortus* from SPTD Trijaya, Kuningan, West Java. Mutation in  $\alpha$ -tubulin isotype 1 gene of *H. contortus* from UPTD Pelayanan Kesehatan Hewan, Yogyakarta, occurred in codon 198 (from glutamate to glycine), codon 201 (from cysteine to stop codon), and codon 202 (from isoleucine to stop codon).