

Klasifikasi fungsi partikel konjungtif to dalam nihongo kyoushi to gakushuusha no tame no bunkei jiten = Classification of conjunctive particle functions in nihongo kyoushi to gakushuusha no tame no bunkei jiten

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Abstrak

Fungsi partikel konjungtif (setsuzokujoshi/) to dalam Kamus Pola Kalimat Bahasa Jepang untuk Pengajar dan Pemelajar (Nihongo Kyoushi to Gakushuusha no Tame no Bunkei Jiten/) dijabarkan ada enam macam, yaitu: kondisi umum (ippan jouken/), pengulangan/kebiasaan (hanpuku, shuukan/.), kondisi hipotetis (katei jouken/), kondisi tetap (kakutei jouken/), to sugu (), dan prakata (maeoki/). Setelah menelaah tiap-tiap fungsi beserta subfungsi di dalamnya, penulis jurnal ini menemukan bahwa tiap kelas klasifikasi partikel konjungtif to tersebut mempunyai fungsi dan makna tersendiri yang berbeda, namun ada ketumpangtindihan di antara keenam fungsi tersebut. Maka penulis mengusulkan penyederhanaan teori, mereduksinya menjadi empat fungsi dengan mengeliminasi fungsi to sugu () dan prakata (maeoki/).

Dictionary of Japanese Sentence Pattern for Teacher and Learner (Nihongo Kyoushi to Gakushuusha no Tame no Bunkei Jiten/) explains six types of conjunctive particle to (setsuzokujoshi/) functions, namely: general condition (ippan jouken/), repetition/custom (hanpuku, shuukan/.), hypothetical condition (katei jouken/), fixed condition (kakutei jouken/), to sugu (), and preface (maeoki/). After examining each function with its subfunction, the writer of this journal finds that each class of the conjunctive particle to classification has its own use and distinct meaning, yet there are some overlaps among the six functions. So the writer proposes to simplify the theory, reducing them into four functions by eliminating to sugu () and preface (maeoki/) function.