

Distribusi dan Frekuensi Kista Rahang berdasarkan Usia dan Jenis Kelamin di Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo Periode Februari 2010-Februari 2015 = Distribution and Frequency of Cyst Jaw based on Age and Gender in Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo Period of February 2010-February 2015

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Abstrak

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Kista adalah rongga patologis yang berisi cairan maupun semi cairan yang tidak disebabkan oleh akumulasi pus. Kista rahang terdiri dari kista odontogenik dan kista non-odontogenik. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui distribusi dan frekuensi kista rahang di Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo periode Februari 2010 - Februari 2015. Penelitian ini merupakan studi deskriptif retrospektif dengan menggunakan data sekunder yang didapat dari rekam medik Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo. Hasil ditampilkan menggunakan tabel dan bar chart yang menggambarkan berapa banyak kista rahang menurut usia dan jenis kelamin yang terjadi. Distribusi dan frekuensi kista rahang yang paling banyak terjadi pada laki-laki dan pada kelompok usia 31-40 tahun.

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ABSTRACT

Cyst is pathological cavity that contain liquid or semi liquid which is uncaused by pus accumulation. Cyst jaw divided to odontogenic cysts and non-odontogenic cysts. This research was aimed to know the distribution and frequency of cyst jaw in Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo period of February 2010 - February 2015. This research was descriptive retrospective study that used medical records at Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo. The result showed with table and bar chart to described the amount of cyst jaw case based on age and gender. Most frequent distribution and frequency of cyst jaw occurred on male and group of age 31-40 years old.;Cyst is pathological cavity that contain liquid or semi liquid which is uncaused by pus accumulation. Cyst jaw divided to odontogenic cysts and non-odontogenic cysts. This research was aimed to know the distribution and frequency of cyst jaw in Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo period of February 2010 - February 2015. This research was descriptive retrospective study that used medical records at Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo. The result showed with table and bar chart to described the amount of cyst jaw case based on age and gender. Most frequent distribution and frequency of cyst jaw occurred on male and group of age 31-40 years old.;Cyst is pathological cavity that contain liquid or semi liquid which is uncaused by pus accumulation. Cyst jaw divided to odontogenic cysts and non-odontogenic cysts. This research was aimed to know the distribution and frequency of cyst jaw in Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo period of February 2010 - February 2015. This research was descriptive retrospective study that used medical records at Rumah Sakit Umum Pusat Nasional Cipto Mangunkusumo. The result showed with table and bar chart to described the amount of cyst jaw case based on age and gender. Most frequent distribution and frequency of cyst jaw occurred on male and group of age 31-40 years

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