

Intensi perselingkuhan di dalam hubungan romantis menggunakan theory of planned behaviour dan kepuasan hubungan = An investigation of infidelity intention in dating couples using theory of planned behaviour and relationship satisfaction

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK
 Penelitian ini menganalisa intensi perselingkuhan didalam hubungan romantis menggunakan Theory of Planned

Behaviour (TPB). Berdasarkan TPB, sikap, kontrol perilaku yang diterima, dan norma subjektif dapat memprediksi langsung intensi ataupun niat perselingkuhan. Sampel yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah

160 mahasiswa, dengan rasio 93 perempuan dan 67 laki-laki. Penelitian ini memprediksi bahwa seseorang yang

memiliki sikap positif terhadap perselingkuhan memiliki kecenderungan lebih untuk berselingkuh. Niat berselingkuh juga lebih besar apabila seseorang merasa lingkungan sekitarnya menyetujui perilaku perselingkuhan, dan apabila mereka menganggap berselingkuh dari pasangan mereka adalah hal yang mudah.

Selain itu, kepuasan dalam berhubungan merupakan salah satu faktor yang dapat memprediksi niat berselingkuh.

Hipotesis terakhir dalam penelitian ini memperkirakan bahwa seseorang yang memiliki kepuasan yang tinggi

dalam hubungan romantisnya cenderung tidak memiliki niat berselingkuh dari

pasangannya.ABSTRACT This study investigated infidelity intention among dating relationships using theory of planned behaviour (TPB).

The TPB suggests that attitudes, perceived behavioural control and subjective norm are direct predictors of infidelity intention. A sample of 160 university students was employed, with female and male ratio 93 and 67,

consecutively. It is expected that individual's favourable attitudes toward infidelity increase the likelihood of

one's unfaithful behaviour. Infidelity intention tend to be higher if individuals perceived that their surroundings

approved infidelity behaviour, and also if they believe that cheating on partner is easy for them.

Additionally,

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