

# Diplomasi koersif dan faktor yang mempengaruhi keluarannya = Coercive diplomacy and factors affecting the output / Ajeng Tri Astuti

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## Abstrak

[<b>ABSTRAK</b><br>

Dalam pembahasan mengenai diplomasi koersif, banyak akademisi yang berusaha melihat faktor-faktor yang dapat mempengaruhi kesuksesan/kegagalan diplomasi koersif. Secara umum faktor yang dapat mempengaruhi keluaran diplomasi koersif tidak hanya berasal dari internal relasi kedua pihak yang terlibat dalam diplomasi koersif namun juga faktor eksternal di luar relasi tersebut. Studi literatur dalam tulisan ini menunjukkan bahwa pembahasan mengenai faktor-faktor tersebut secara umum dibangun dari pengalaman negara Barat dalam melakukan diplomasi koersif. Selain itu, fokus pembahasan mengenai diplomasi koersif kebanyakan berpusat pada pembahasan mengenai faktor internal, khususnya membahas pelaku diplomasi koersif. Sejumlah akademisi berusaha memberikan rekomendasi apa yang perlu diperhatikan dan dilakukan oleh pelaku diplomasi koersif untuk mensukseskan diplomasi koersif. Khususnya kredibilitas ancaman pelaku menjadi salah satu aspek yang menjadi perhatian utama dalam pembahasan mengenai kesuksesan diplomasi koersif.

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<b>ABSTRACT</b><br>

In research regarding coercive diplomacy, many scholars try to identify factors that affecting success or failure in coercive diplomacy. In general, factors affecting the output of coercive diplomacy is not only internal factor that related to the relation of two parties but also external factor outside the relation. Findings from the literature review show that discussion on factors affecting coercive diplomacy is shaped by Western experiences in coercive diplomacy. They focus on internal factors, especially on coercive diplomacy actor. Most scholars try to prescribe factors that need to be considered by the actor to promote successful coercive diplomacy. Threat credibility building is one of the most discussed aspect in discussions about factors affecting coercive diplomacy., In research regarding coercive diplomacy, many scholars try to identify factors

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