

Hubungan pengetahuan tentang fungsi kondom dengan penggunaannya pada remaja laki-laki pelaku hubungan seksual pranikah di Indonesia analisis data survei demografi dan kesehatan Indonesia

2012=Association between knowledge of condom functions and condom use among sexually active unmarried male adolescents in Indonesia analysis of Indonesia demographic and health survey 2012

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Peningkatan tren praktik hubungan seksual pranikah pada remaja laki-laki di Indonesia tidak disertai tindakan preventif yang adekuat. Tidak sampai 28% dari mereka yang menggunakan kondom secara konsisten. Pada populasi remaja umum di Indonesia, sebanyak 30%-nya tidak tahu bahwa kondom dapat mencegah kehamilan dan 40%-nya tidak tahu kondom dapat mencegah infeksi menular seksual (IMS). Studi potong lintang dari analisis SDKI 2012 ini berupaya melihat asosiasi pengetahuan tentang fungsi kondom terhadap penggunaan kondom pada remaja laki-laki pelaku hubungan seksual pranikah. Hasilnya, setelah memperhitungkan faktor demografis, pengetahuan kespro, dan perilaku lainnya, penggunaan kondom lebih tinggi pada responden yang memiliki pengetahuan tentang kedua fungsi kondom (PR 2,38; 95% CI 1,47 ? 3,85) dibandingkan responden yang hanya tahu salah satu fungsi atau tidak tahu sama sekali.

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ABSTRACT

The increasing trend of premarital sex among Indonesian male adolescents is not accompanied with protective behavior. Less than 28% of sexually-active unmarried male adolescents use condoms consistently. Approximately, 30% of Indonesian adolescents do not know that condoms can help prevent pregnancy and 40% of them do not know that condoms can help prevent sexually transmitted infections (STIs). This cross-sectional study using IDHS 2012 aims to see whether there is an association between knowledge on condom functions and condom use, particularly among unmarried male adolescents in Indonesia. After controlling with other covariates such as demographic, knowledge on reproductive health, and other behavior indicators, the prevalence of condom use is significantly higher in respondents who know both functions of condoms, than in respondents who only know either function or not at all (adjusted PR 2,38; 95% CI 1,47 ? 3,85).;The increasing trend of premarital sex among Indonesian male adolescents is not accompanied with protective behavior. Less than 28% of sexually-active unmarried male adolescents use condoms consistently. Approximately, 30% of Indonesian adolescents do not know that condoms can help prevent pregnancy and 40% of them do not know that condoms can help prevent sexually transmitted infections (STIs). This cross-sectional study using IDHS 2012 aims to see whether there is an association between knowledge on condom

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