

Analisis pengendalian persediaan obat antibiotika dengan metoda ABC indeks kritis di Unit Farmasi Rumah Sakit Kusta DR Rivai Abdullah Palembang tahun 2014 = inventory control analyze of the antibiotics using the abc critical index at the pharmacy unit of the leprosy Hospital DR Rivai Abdullah Palembang in 2014

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif analitik dengan pendekatan kuantitatif metode ABC Indeks Kritis terhadap pengendalian persediaan obat antibiotika di Unit Farmasi Rumah Sakit Kusta dr Rivai Abdullah Palembang pada tahun 2014. Hasil analisis ABC Indeks Kritis dari 81 item obat antibiotika yang digunakan pada periode Januari-Desember 2014, 11 item obat atau 13,58% merupakan kelompok A, 32 item obat atau 39,51% kelompok B dan 38 item obat atau 46,91% kelompok C. Kelompok A hasil analisis ABC Indeks Kritis dilakukan perhitungan jumlah pemesanan optimal (EOQ) dan reorder point (ROP), dari hasil perhitungan nilai persediaan

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ABSTRACT

This study is an analitic descriptive research with quantitative approach using The ABC Critical Index deals with inventory controls of the antibiotics at the pharmacy unit of the Leprosy Hospital dr Rivai Abdullah Palembang in 2014. The results are 11 items (13,58 %) are A group, 32 items (39,51%) are B group and 38 items (46,91 %) are C group. The Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) and the Reorder Point (ROP) are doing for the A group. As the final result the hospital can save Rp. 49.221.372,- yearly if using this inventory controls.;This study is an analitic descriptive research with quantitative approach using The ABC Critical Index deals with inventory controls of the antibiotics at the pharmacy unit of the Leprosy Hospital dr Rivai Abdullah Palembang in 2014. The results are 11 items (13,58 %) are A group, 32 items (39,51%) are B group and 38 items (46,91 %) are C group. The Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) and the Reorder Point (ROP) are doing for the A group. As the final result the hospital can save Rp. 49.221.372,- yearly if using this inventory controls., This study is an analitic descriptive research with quantitative approach using The ABC Critical Index deals with inventory controls of the antibiotics at the pharmacy unit of the Leprosy Hospital dr Rivai Abdullah Palembang in 2014. The results are 11 items (13,58 %) are A group, 32 items (39,51%) are B group and 38 items (46,91 %) are C group. The Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) and the Reorder Point (ROP) are doing for the A group. As the final result the

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