

Gambaran loneliness dan kecenderungan psikotik pada remaja yang ditinggal orangtua bekerja sebagai buruh migran di luar negeri =
Description of loneliness and psychotic tendencies of adolescent who were left behind by parent to work as migrant workers abroad

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Abstrak

[Remaja yang ditinggal orangtuanya bekerja sebagai Buruh Migran di Luar negeri rentan mengalami loneliness dan memiliki kecenderungan psikotik. Periode remaja ini merupakan periode paling sulit dalam kehidupan remaja (Gender, 1998). Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui seberapa tinggi persentase loneliness dan kecenderungan psikotik pada remaja. Metode penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan menggunakan alat ukur The 6-Item De Jong Gierveld Loneliness Scale untuk mengetahui tingkat loneliness partisipan dan Psychotic like-Experiences (PLE). Penelitian ini mengikutsertakan 171 remaja, usia 11-16 tahun yang berdomisili di Desa Cilamaya, Karawang, Jawa Barat. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa remaja mengalami loneliness sebesar 73.7% dan kecenderungan psikotik sebesar 81.9%.; Adolescent who were left behind by parent to work as migrant workers abroad prone to experience loneliness and has psychotic tendencies. This adolescence period is the most difficult period in their life (Gender, 1998). This study aims to determine how high percentage of loneliness and psychotic tendencies in adolescents. This study method using a quantitative approach using "The 6-Item De Jong Gierveld Loneliness Scale" and "Psychotic-like experiences (PLE)". This study included 171 adolescents, age 11-16 years old in Cilamaya Village, Karawang, West Java. The results showed that loneliness have 73.7% and psychotic tendencies is 81.9%.; Adolescent who were left behind by parent to work as migrant workers abroad prone to experience loneliness and has psychotic tendencies. This adolescence period is the most difficult period in their life (Gender, 1998). This study aims to determine how high percentage of loneliness and psychotic tendencies in adolescents. This study method using a quantitative approach using "The 6-Item De Jong Gierveld Loneliness Scale" and "Psychotic-like experiences (PLE)". This study included 171 adolescents, age 11-16 years old in Cilamaya Village, Karawang, West Java. The results showed that loneliness have 73.7% and psychotic tendencies is 81.9%.]