

Efektivitas kateterisasi urin menggunakan jelly anestesi dan jelly biasa terhadap respon nyeri pasien laki-laki di RSUD Muntilan dan PKU Muhammadiyah DIY = Effectiveness of urine catheterization using anesthetics jelly and water based lubricant for male patients pain response at RSUD Muntilan and PKU Muhammadiyah DIY

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Abstrak

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui "Efektivitas kateterisasi urin menggunakan jelly anestesi dan jelly biasa terhadap respon nyeri pasien laki – laki di RSUD Muntilan dan PKU Muhammadiyah DIY". Desain penelitian Quasi eksperimen; post-test only control group. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan secara nonprobability sampling dengan metode purposive sampling, Sampel penelitian berjumlah 30 responden yang terbagi dalam dua kelompok.

Hasil uji statistik Mann–Whitney didapatkan angka significancy 0,000. Kesimpulan penelitian bahwa terdapat perbedaan yang signifikan pada skala nyeri keterisasi urin menggunakan jelly anestesi dan jelly biasa pada pasien laki - laki. Dari hasil penelitian, jelly anestesi direkomendasikan diberikan 3 menit sebelum pemasangan kateter urin laki - laki.

*This research aimed to show the effectiveness of urine catheterization using anesthetics jelly and water based lubricant for male patients' pain response at RSUD Muntilan and PKU Muhammadiyah DIY. The research design used quasi experiment; post test only control group. Sample was taken by nonprobability sampling with purposive sampling method. In this study, there were 30 respondents which were divided into two groups.*

The Mann-Whitney test indicated a significant difference in urine catheterization pain score response using anesthetics jelly and common jelly for male patients. From this study, anesthetics jelly was recommended to use with 3 min delay following instillation of anesthetics jelly before urine catheterization for male patients.