

Sistem internasional dan self-narrating process pada konstruksi identitas radikal Islam dalam kasus Homegrown Terrorism di Amerika Serikat (2001 ? 2009) = International system and self-narrating process in the construction of radical Islamic identity in the case of Homegrown Terrorism in The United States of America (2001 ? 2009)

Tampubolon, Natalia Rialucky, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20313148&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

Penelitian ini membahas mengenai hubungan antara sistem internasional dan proses konstruksi identitas individu dalam kasus Homegrown Terrorism di Amerika Serikat pada tahun 2001 ? 2009. Bergerak dari latar belakang tragedi 11 September 2001 yang memulai kebijakan war on terror di Amerika Serikat, fenomena homegrown terrorism dimana warganegara Amerika teradikalisasi dan melakukan aksi teror menyerang negaranya menjadi sebuah anomali dan menarik untuk diteliti. Penulis menganalisis 26 studi kasus homegrown terrorists di Amerika Serikat untuk mengidentifikasi apakah ada pengaruh dari sistem internasional dalam self-narrating process pada saat individu tersebut mengkonstruksi identitasnya menjadi radikal. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa tragedi 11 September 2001 telah menciptakan konteks baru bagi individu dalam menkonstruksikan identitasnya, dimana sistem internasional yang direpresentasikan oleh; kebijakan luar negeri Amerika Serikat yang represif terhadap kaum Muslim, kesuksesan strategi propaganda Al-Qaeda untuk mempersuasi kaum Muslim di Amerika menjadi radikal dan transformasi karakter media mendorong individu untuk mengadopsi identitas Islam radikal.

<hr><i>This research explores the relationship between international system and the process of individual identity construction in the case of Homegrown Terrorism in the United States of America (2001 ? 2009). The 11th September 2001 tragedy has become a landmark on the initiation of the war on terror by the government of the United States of America. However the case of homegrown terrorism, where American born citizens became radicalized and attacked their own country, stood as an anomaly when the government expected the citizens to be in line with the country's policy. The author analyzed 26 study cases of homegrown terrorists and identify through their direct speech act on whether or not the international system influence their decisions to be self-radicalized. The research presents that the 11 September 2001 tragedy has posed a new context for Moslems in America in constructing their identity, where the perceptions of the international system, as represented by the American repressive policy towards Moslems, Al-Qaeda's propaganda and media transformation, results in the selfradicalization process.</i>